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INDIAN AMBASSADOR HAS INTERVIEW WITH STALIN

There is an apparent relationship between India's recent efforts to achieve peace in Korea, its attempts to gain Communist China's admission to the United Nations, its critical attitude toward President Eisenhower's Seventh Fleet announcement and the interview granted by Stalin to Indian Ambassador Kumar.

P. S. Menon on 17 February.

No information regarding the nature of the interview is available. In two audiences given to Menon's predecessor, Radhakrishnan, in 1950 and 1952, Stalin displayed an interest only in inconsequential matters. This suggests that the latest interview, like the earlier ones, was intended to win Indian support merely by granting its Ambassador an unusual honor rather than by appealing to it with specific arguments.

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State Department review completed

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K. P. S. Menon is a career civil servant who was educated at Oxford, and who has the reputation of a middle-of-the-road man. He is believed to be pro-Western and completely loyal to Nehru.

He is not related to Krisha Menon, who sponsored the Indian UN resolution for a Korean settlement, and who is suspected of being susceptible to the Soviet line.

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INTERNAL THREAT TO IRANIAN SECURITY

Continuing deterioration of Iranian situation, confusion in Tehran highlighted by:

- The oil problem. Mossadeq told Ambassador
 Henderson that on 21 February he would:
 - a) tell Majlis there is no hope of oil settlement.
 - b) recommend sale of oil to anyone including Orbit.
- Mossadeq's suspicion of British: charged again
 that British don't want a settlement, are trying to
 overthrow him, using fanatical religious groups,
 Communist-front organizations, and the tribes.

7.4	2	25X ²
3.	Tribal unrest:	
	a) numerous reports of unrest.	
	b) intrigues appear aimed primarily at strength-	
	ening tribes' position against government	
	rather than overthrow of government.	
		25X ²
	d) No indication of unified tribal plot. Concerted	
	tribal effort might result in breakdown of in-	
	ternal law and order.	
	(1)Soviet contacts among tribes, especially	
	Kurds, long reported, evidence slim.	_
		25X

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- e) Imminent failure of oil negotiations and continuing internal decline will not necessarily arouse tribes to action.
- 4. Mossaded threatened to throw up his hands and resign:
 - a) He has threatened to do this before.
 - b) His death or removal might furnish occasion for unified tribal action, especially if successor government is leftist, revolt is foreign-backed.
- 5. Shah has said he would abdicate. Reportedly in same breath he might take control of government in emergency. Latter unlikely in view of his record of indecision and weakness.

6. The Iranian situation is highly dangerous. For the moment events have brought all of the elements back into a temporary focus, which may be preliminary to a final disintegration. This is not the first time in the past two years when Iran's collapse seemed imminent, but the situation now appears more explosive than at any time in immediate past.

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LATIN AMERICA

LA considers self "forgotten continent" Compare recent aid Europe and LA.

They feel US takes for granted

LA will give raw materials at our indicated prices as we want them. They buy manufactured goods at ever increasing prices.

Peron and Company out to show US we are wrong and that LA can get free of "economic servitude" to USA.

-2-

LA economic and political condition most serious in decades

Certain exceptions are

Mexico - Peru - Uruguay - Venezuela

But these are affected by the others

These trends highly dangerous to US
Mow Communists take advantage of Radical

Dictatorships

-3-LATIN AMERICA (Contd) (Basic reasons for situation) Basic revolution taking place - Indian anabering Radical - nationalists based on left-wing elements, taking over. Inexperienced in government - gutted economy Examples are: Peron - Argentina Ibanez - Chile Arbenz - Guatemala Paz - Bolivia Only army keeps same elements from power in Peru - Venezuela Consequence of these Trends (1) Economic Nationalism (2) Regionalism (vs Panamuransi) (3) Neutralism (4) Growth of Communist influence

-4-

(1) Economic Nationalism

LA tries remedy of hasty self-sufficiency programs like Argentina

They also try import and marketing controls

This affects LA-US trade (3.5 billion each way)

Also affects US supply vital raw materials

Figures are:

LA supplies 20% Free World petroleum

" " 30% " " tungsten
" " 18% " " tin
" " 71% US copper imports (nearly 50%
US requirements)

Nationalization Bolivian tin threatens US supply
Nationalization Chilean copper is only threat still

-5-

(II) Regionalism

Based largely on Yankeephobia -led by Argentina

Peron attempting economic bloc with

Paz of Bolivia and Tbanez of Chile

Peron labor attaches try persuade others

to abandon ORIT (ICFTU) and join

Peronista ATLAS (anti-US)

Peron endangers hemisphere

solidarity (Rio pact etc.) with regionalism

-6-

(III) Neutralism

Ecuador

Keep out of US-Soviet involvement

Enthusiasm for Korea waned only Colombia sent troops

An Bilateral military assistance pacts:

US approached 9 countries with following results:

Completed Pending Refused
Cuba Dominican Republic Mexico
Peru Brazil
Chile Uruguay
Colombia

LA (20 votes) support of US in UN sometimes precarious

-7-

(IV) Communism

Thrives on economic nationalism, regionalism and neutralism

Not numerically strong, generally operates through fronts

Only Guatemala is really dangerous
"Dissident" commies have Peron's ears
Strategic materials go to Orbit

15,000 tons Chilean copper in year ending May 52 (1 year Czech requirements)

More LA delegates attend commie conferences

30 delegates to Moscow Economic Conference Aug 52

90 delegates to Peiping Peace Conference Oct 52

200 delegates to Vienna Peace Conference Dec 52

Argentina talks trade with USSR (Stalin interview)

Soviet Missions

Satellite Missions

Argentina

Argentina

Mexico

Brazil

Uruguay

Ecuador

Mexico

lguay

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Special Situation	<u>on</u>	ı		
Argentina				
Peron gutted eco	onomy but has built	t personal power		
and leadership t	coward "third posit	tion" bloc.		
Since 4 November	r Peron puts out fi	riendly feelers		
But basic positi	ion change unlikely	,		
Brazil				
Despite fundamen	ntally sound econor	ny		
Brazil faces cri	sis due to excess	purchasing,		
unfavorable trade balance.				
Curable but needs watching				
	•	•		

GUATEMALA

Political situation outgrowth 1944 revolution against pro-American Ubico
"dictatorship." First Arevalo then Arbenz established leftist dictatorship to "free" country from military dictatorship, social backgrounds, economic colonialism, under basic anti-Yankee slogan. Commies infiltrated government and political parties now dominate organized labor despite anti-Communist attitude individual laborers. They have effective alliance with President Arbenz though control only 4 out of 56 votes in Congress. Many others of 56 crypto Communists.

- (1) Both pro-government papers use party line.
- (2) Director major radio station pro-Commie.
- (3) Director National Election Board and Social Security Institute Commies.

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	10	25X ⁻
Army basically anti-Commie but log	yal to	
Arbenz who has favored them.		
		25X ²
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CONCLUSIONS

US surprised at UK, French short-sightedness in Middle East, North Africa
But we have had situation at our door - vitally affects us

US stock started downward in 1946 (end OPA)

If trends continue Good Neighbor policy hurt and vital material supply threatened.

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NSC Briefing

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TOPICS (MATERIAL INCLOSED)

1. Current NOTE - Stalin centerview with Indian ambassador

2. Dranian Situalian

3. Bruefing on Latin america